



## Fakte kanade kohta

- Isast lindu kutsutakse kukeks, emast lindu kanaks ja kanapoega tibuks. Esimesed kanad kodustati üle 8000 aasta tagasi. Kanu kasvatatakse munade ja liha pärast.
- Kanad munevad eri värvi mune: valgeid, pruune, rohelisi, roosasid ja siniseid. Kana esimese muna värv määrab ära, millist värvi mune hakkab kana oma elu jooksul munema. Kanal läheb ühe muna munemiseks 24-26 tundi.
- Tibu areneb munas 21 päeva jooksul. Tibu hakkab arenema, kui temperatuur munas tõuseb 88 kraadini Fahrenheiti järgi. Kanaema loob oma tibudega sideme juba enne nende koorumist. Ta pöörab muna pesas lausa viis korda tunnis ümber ja kaagutab oma sündimata tibudele, kes siutsuvad talle vastu.
- Kanad on Tyrannosaurus Rexi kõige lähemad elusolevad sugulased.
- Kanad ei suuda vahepidamata lennata. Pikim kirjapandud lend kestis 13 sekundit. Kana võib lennata kiirusega 15 km/h.
- Maailmas on rohkem kanu kui inimesi.

## Chicken Facts

- A male chicken is called a rooster, a female chicken is called a hen and a baby chicken is called a chick. Chickens were first domesticated over 8000 years ago. Chickens are either bred for eggs or meat.
- Chickens lay different coloured eggs, from white, to brown, to green, to pink, to blue. The colour of a hen's first egg is the colour she will lay for life. It takes a hen 24-26 hours to lay an egg.
- It takes a chick 21 days to develop in the egg. It starts developing when it reaches a temperature of 88 degrees F. A mother hen begins bonding with her chicks before they are even born. She will turn her egg as often as five times an hour and cluck to her unborn chicks, who will chirp back to her and to one another.
- Chickens are the closest living relative to the Tyrannosaurus Rex
- Chickens are not capable of continuous flight. The longest recorded flight was for 13 seconds. A chicken can travel at 15km/h.
- There are more chickens than people in the world.

